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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/613,488	07/03/2003 Alexandre Cervinka		07868-008	4441	
56535	7590 04/12/2006	EXAMINER PHAM, TUAN			
	ETTE & PARTNERS				
METCALFI SUITE 800	E TOWER, 1550 METC.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	L, QC H3A-1X6	2618			
CANADA			DATE MAILED: 04/12/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)					
		10/613,488		CERVINKA ET AL.					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
			TUAN A. PH	AM	2618				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appe	ears on the co	over sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M asions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum stars to re to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months are ded patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DA s of 37 CFR 1.130 nunication. atutory period wi will, by statute, o	TE OF THIS 6(a). In no event, ill apply and will excause the applicat	COMMUNICATION however, may a reply be tim kpire SIX (6) MONTHS from tion to become ABANDONE	J. lely filed the mailing date of this c (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
1) 🏻	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 3 July	2003.						
,	•		s action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	on of Claims								
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-5, 10, 13-16, and 21</u> is/are rejected.								
7)🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>6-9,11,12,17-20,22 and 23</u> is/are objected to.								
8)□	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicat	on Papers								
9)[The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the d	Irawing(s) be I	neld in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:									
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 								
	application from the Internation	•	•		a in this National	Stage			
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action		-	,	d				
		m for a not c		а обрасо нестосоно	-				
Attachmen	t(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)									
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or	5)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal P		O-152)				
	r No(s)/Mail Date <u>02/09/04</u> .			Other:	•	•			

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 02/09/2004 has been considered by Examiner and made of record in the application file.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 1-5, and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hendrickson (U.S. Patent No.: 5,950,110) in view of Narusawa (Pub. No.: US 2005/0143060).

Regarding claims 1-2, and 13, Hendrickson teaches a device for detecting a communication-interfering jammer (see figure 1, system controller 14, col.3, ln.55-67) in the proximity of a communication equipment (read on transmitter 18) normally receiving an intelligible signal (see figure 1, receiver 20, transmitter 18, col.3, ln.55-67), comprising:

means for detecting a communication-interfering jammer in the proximity of the communication equipment (see figure 1, receiver 20 is detecting the signal from transmitter 18, col.3, ln.55-67) when the discriminating means indicates that there exists no other cause for the absence of reception of the intelligible signal by the communication equipment (see figures 1&5B, receiver 20 is detecting the signal from transmitter 18, when the receiver 20 is not receiving the message packet from the transmitter 18. The receiver 20 will detect a jamming signal, col.3, ln.55-67, col.7, ln.63-67, col.8, ln.1-32).

It should be noticed that Hendrickson fails to teach means for detecting an absence of reception of the intelligible signal by the communication equipment, and means for discriminating the detection of a communication-interfering in the proximity of the communication equipment from at least one other cause for the absence of

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reception of the intelligible signal by the communication equipment. However,

Narusawa teaches means for detecting an absence of reception of the intelligible signal
by the communication equipment (see figure 1, detector 5 is detected the signal from
the base station, if the signal detect from the base station is weak then the mobile
station is out of service area (see [0071-0080]), and means for discriminating the
detection of a communication-interfering in the proximity of the communication
equipment from at least one other cause for (read on out of service area) the absence
of reception of the intelligible signal by the communication equipment (see figure 1,
detector 5 is detected the signal from the base station, if the signal detect from the base
station is weak then the mobile station is out of service area (see [0071-0080]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Narusawa into view of Hendrickson in order to inform the user is out of service area as suggested by Narusawa at column 1, [0014-0015].

Regarding claims 3 and 14, Narusawa further teaches detection of mobile out of service area (see col.3, [0072-0080]).

Regarding claims 4 and 15, Hendrickson further teaches a situation of interference (see col.8, In.1-15, jamming signal is interference signal).

Regarding claims 5 and 16, Hendrickson further teaches a situation of interference on the common channel (see col.8, In.1-15, jamming signal is interference signal. The receiver 20 is communicated with transmitter 18 is on the same channel).

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5. Claims 10 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hendrickson (U.S. Patent No.: 5,950,110) in view of Narusawa (Pub. No.: US 2005/0143060) as applied to claims 2 and 13 above, and further in view of Cromer et al. (Pub. No.: US 2003/0181215, hereinafter, "Cromer").

Regarding claims 10 and 21, Hendrickson and Narusawa, in combination, fails to teach compare the power level of the channel. However, Cromer teach such feature (see [0038]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Cromer into view of Hendrickson and Narusawa in order to transmit the signal between the mobile and access device.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 6-9, 11-12, 17-20, and 22-23 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. In order to expedite the prosecution of this application, the applicants are also requested to consider the following references. Although Hirono (U.S. Patent No. 6,424,818), Law (U.S. Patent No. 5,812,056), and Filipovic (U.S. Pub.

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No. 2005/0130687) are not applied into this Office Action; they are also called to Applicants attention. They may be used in future Office Action(s).

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan A. Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-8097. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday. 8:30 AM-5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Anderson can be reached on (571) 272-4177. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have question on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art Unit 2618 April 7, 2006 Examiner

Tuan Pham

Matthew Anderson SPE 2618

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